

Advocacy in Action MMS State and Federal Advocacy Update Tuesday, June 17, 2025

Presented by:

Olivia Liao, MD, MMS President Leda Anderson, Director, Advocacy & Gov't Relations Jeff Perkins, Leg. and Reg. Affairs Counsel Jessie Brunelle, Government Relations Advisor Casey Rojas, Fed. Relations & Health Equity Manager





Opening Remarks *Olivia Liao, MD*

> President, Massachusetts Medical Society

ADVOCACY COMMUNICATION HIGHLIGHTS

Session Overview



MMS Grassroots Action Center How you can get involved!!



Advocacy Resources:

Meeting with your legislator Testifying at a legislative hearing Becoming a social media advocate

State Government 101



Grassroots Advocacy Campaigns:

Medicare Payment Cuts Medicaid Cuts Primary Care Reform Vaccine Exemptions

MMS Standing Firm in our Mission

Responding to a Changing Federal Landscape

- Establishment of an MMS Response Team
- Federal Response Actions & Resources





Federal Update

Casey A. Rojas, JD, MBE Federal Relations and Health Equity Manager

Federal Updates:

Executive Actions Impacting Health Care

- * Immigration Reform
- ***** Gender Affirming Care
- * CDC Removal of Data
- ***** NIH Funding Cuts
- HHS Personnel Cuts
- *****WHO Withdrawal

Global Public Health Funding
Mexico City Policy
Geneva Consensus Declaration
ACIP Panel

Federal Updates: Continuing Resolution



Medicare payment fix

Federal Updates: Budget Reconciliation

House Bill

~\$800B in cuts to Medicaid

- New work requirements
- More restrictive eligibility
- Narrowed enrollment window
- Eligibility verification
- Limits on provider taxes
- ~\$290B in cuts to SNAP

~\$350B in cuts to student loans

Senate Considerations

- Change Medicaid cuts
 - Provider taxes
 - Medicaid expansion
- Preserve some student loans
- Roll back some SNAP cuts
- Medicare Advantage

MMS Advocacy on Medicaid Cuts

- National Advocacy Conference in Washington, D.C.
- 50-state letter to Congressional leaders
- Individual letters to MA Congressional Delegation
- Signed on to letter to AMA Board of Trustees
- Grassroots advocacy engagement
- Coalition of State Medical Societies letter to Senate Leadership

Federal Updates: Other Legislation

H.R.879 – Medicare Patient Access and Practice Stabilization Act

- S.4532 Improving Seniors' Timely Access to Care Act
- H.R. 2483 SUPPORT Act Reauthorization
- H.R.929/S.266 Dr. Lorna Breen Health Care Provider Protection Act



Leda Anderson, Esq. Director Advocacy and Government Relations

Massachusetts Legislature 194th General Court

- Session Overview
- State response to the federal administration
- MMS Legislative Priorities
 - Primary Care
 - Prior Auth Reform
 - Overdose Prevention



ADVOCACY HIGHLIGHTS

Session Overview

7000 bills	filed	Monitoring over 600 health care bills	20 pieces of written testimony
Physici experts tes at 6 hear	stified	March 2025 – State House Legislative Briefing	600 messages were sent to state lawmakers since January



LEGISLATIVE PRIORITIES

194TH LEGISLATIVE SESSION



KNOW YOUR RIGHTS: SHIELD LAW

Shielding Massachusetts Providers. Seekers. and Helpers from Out-Of-State Legal Actions

IN MASSACHUSETTS, YOUR RIGHT TO ACCESS REPRODUCTIVE AND SEXUAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES, INCLUDING ABORTION, GENDER-AFFIRMING CARE, AND CONTRACEPTION, IS SECURED BY THE CONSTITUTION AND LAWS OF THE COMMONWEALTH.



- Chapter 127 of the Acts of 2022 "Shield Law"
- S.2522, An Act Strengthening Health Care Protections in the Commonwealth
 - Medical Record Segmentation
 - Protecting Sensitive Information in the Prescription Monitoring Program
 - Prescription Labeling Flexibilities



Primary Care

Primary Care Dashboard



EXPLORE

EXPLORE >

In 2022, MassHealth MCO and ACO-As had the highest percentage of spending on primary care (7.5%), as well as the highest use of alternative payment methods.

Medicare Advantage plans had the lowest primary care spending (4.2%) compared with other insurance categories in 2022.



In 2023, 41.2% of residents reported difficulty obtaining necessary health care in the past 12 months, an increase from 33.0% in 2021.

Between 2018 and 2022, cervical cancer screening rates dropped by 5.2 percentage points.

CAPACITY METRICS FOCUSED ON THE PRIMARY CARE WORKFORCE AND PIPELINE

In 2021, 5.6% of physicians left primary care in Massachusetts, an increase from 3.1% in 2019.

In 2023, 22% of Massachusetts medical school graduates were practicing in primary care six to eight years after graduation. EQUITY METRICS FOCUSED ON ASSESSING INEQUITIES IN THE SYSTEM

EXPLORE

There were substantial racial and ethnic disparities in access to and utilization of primary care.

In 2023, compared with other racial and ethnic groups, Hispanic residents reported lower rates of having a preventive care visit and higher rates of avoidable emergency department visits.

A Dire Diagnosis:

The Declining Health of Primary Care in Massachusetts and the Urgent Need for Action



Primary care is a relatively low-reimbursed medical field, which can:

- Disincentivize new graduates from entering
- Make primary care practices hard to sustain
- Disincentivize the health industry from investing in primary care
- Limit the hiring and retention of support staff

Impacts of administrative burden:

- Can make the work of primary care more time-consuming, less rewarding, and more frustrating, leading to burnout
- Contributes to providers' reduction in patient care hours or even leaving the field

S. 867 AN ACT RELATIVE TO PRIMARY CARE FOR YOU

Sponsor: Senator Cindy Friedman

H. 2537, AN ACT RELATIVE TO PRIMARY CARE ACCESS

Sponsor: Representative Greg Schwartz

HB1370 AN ACT RELATIVE TO MASSACHUSETTS PRIMARY CARE FOR YOU Sponsor: Representative Rich Haggerty

- Doubles investment in primary care services
- Improves access to & affordability of primary care
- Eliminates co-pays for primary care services





Prior Authorization Reform Jeff Perkins, Esq., Legislative and Regulatory Affairs Counsel

Prior Authorization Impact

Patient Harms

- **CARE DELAYS -** 93% of physicians report that PA led to delays in accessing care
- **TREATMENT ABANDONMENT -** 82% said PA results in their patients abandoning treatment.
- **OUT-OF-POCKET COSTS** 80% said PA led to patients paying out-of-pocket for medication
- SERIOUS ADVERSE EVENTS 82% of physicians reported that PA led to a serious adverse health event

Clinician Impact

- UNNECESSARY WASTE Providers and staff spend an average of 14 hours a week just dealing with prior authorizations.
- BURNOUT
 - 55% of physicians reported experiencing symptoms of burnout.
 - Prior authorization was identified as a top stressor contributing to that burnout.

S. 1403, AN ACT RELATIVE TO REDUCING ADMINISTRATIVE BURDEN

Sponsor: Senator Cindy Friedman

H. 1136, AN ACT TO IMPROVE THE HEALTH INSURANCE PRIOR AUTHORIZATION PROCESS

Sponsor: Representative Marjorie Decker



THE SOLUTION

When PA determinations override evidence-based decisions and recommendations of medical professionals, quality of care is reduced, costs go up, and waste is increased. To reduce administrative burden and promote timely access to quality care, this legislation will maintain PA but introduce meaningful reforms to accomplish the following:

> Improve Timely Access to and Continuity of Care for Patients

- · Requires PA to be valid for the duration of treatment, or at least one year
- Requires insurers to honor the patient's PA from another insurer or maintain coverage when a drug is removed from a plan's formulary for at least 90 days
- · Establishes a 24-hour response time for urgently needed care

> Promote Transparency and Fairness in the PA Process

- Requires public PA data from insurers documenting what services, items, or medications are subject to PA, as well as data on approvals, denials, appeals, wait times, and more
- · Prohibits retrospective denials for preauthorized care
- Regulates the use of artificial intelligence (AI) in PA programs, including prohibiting the use of AI as the sole basis for denial of authorization for care
- > Improve Administrative Efficiency
 - Establishes a task force to study the use of PA and make recommendations for simplification and standardization
 - Directs the Division of Insurance (DOI) to develop rules and regulations to simplify prior authorization standards and processes
 - Requires insurers to adopt software to facilitate automated, electronic processing of PA and DOI to implement standardized PA forms





Every physician matters, each patient counts.



Overdose Prevention Centers Jessie Brunelle, Government Relations Advisor

What is an OPC?

An evidence-based public health intervention proven to save lives by monitoring participants for signs of overdose and intervening to prevent overdose death.

As one component of substance use harm reduction programs, they provide connections to community while also treating individuals with dignity and respect.

These services are available to anyone in the community without any barrier to entry.





Services Provided

- Safe, stigma-fee setting where anyone can engage in health care services
- Emergency response to overdose
- ✓ Counseling, medical, & behavioral health services
- ✓ Substance use treatment at a critical intervention point
- ✓ Connection to services
- Drug checking to increase safety
- ✓ Exchange & disposal of sterile supplies

2017: MMS RECOMMENDS OPC IMPLEMENTATION

In 2017, the MMS became the first state medical society in the country to support OPCs after a year-long comprehensive review of the robust international academic literature assessing these facilities.

The evidence-base continues to grow. OPCs save lives, link people to treatment, and increase access to health care services.



Every physician matters, each patient counts.

Establishment of a Pilot Medically Supervised Injection Facility in Massachusetts

Report of the Task Force on Opioid Therapy and Physician Communication

Establishment of a Pilot Medically Supervised Injection Facility in Massachusetts, Massachusetts Medical Society Task Force on Opioid Therapy and Physician Communication (April 2017), <u>http://www.massmed.org/Advocacy/State-Advocacy/SIF-Report-2017/</u>.

The Grim Reality

- For 8 straight years, more than 2,000 people have died from opioid overdose in MA each year
- In 2022, the annual death toll rose to a record high of 2,357 deaths
- Racial disparities are growing. DPH data show Black & Native American residents are disproportionately impacted

- Several communities across the state are interested in providing comprehensive harm reduction programs including overdose prevention services, but legislation is needed to establish the legal and regulatory framework for them to do so successfully.
- Municipalities need to know the state will not stand in the way of local, evidence-based public health efforts.
- Providers need to know working at a center will not jeopardize their professional license.
- Clients need to know they will not go to jail for getting help.

H.2196/S.1393, An Act preventing overdose deaths and increasing access to treatment

Sponsors: Rep. Marjorie Decker, Rep. John Lawn, & Senator Julian Cyr

What the Bill Does

- Defines harm reduction programs, describing a range of services that include monitoring participants for signs of overdose and intervening to prevent overdose death
- Gives regulatory authority to the Department of Public Health
- Includes legal protections for staff, clients, and operators of DPH-approved programs
- Requires data collection to better inform public health efforts

29

Closing Remarks: A Call to Action



MASSACHUSETTS PHYSICIANS

HELP PASS Strong Vaccine Laws

TAKE ACTION NOW





H.2554/S.1557:

- Closes loophole for school-based immunization requirements
- Improves childhood vaccine data
- Retains medical exemption
- Prevents public health emergencies

MASSACHUSETTS MED

Questions?

Stay In Touch & Get Regular Updates

Advocacy Inquiries can be sent to Advocacy@mms.org





Get Connected for Our Latest News & Updates



Instagram @massmedicalsociety



Threads @massmedicalsociety



@MassachusettsMedicalSociety



Facebook@massmed