April 28, 2025

The Honorable Kevin Cramer U.S. Senate 313 Hart Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Greg Steube United States House of Representatives 2457 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515 The Honorable Richard Blumenthal U.S. Senate 503 Hart Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable John Larson United States House of Representatives 1501 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Senators Cramer and Blumenthal and Representatives Steube and Larson:

The undersigned medical professional organizations write to you in strong opposition to S. 106/H.R. 539, the "Chiropractic Medicare Coverage Modernization Act of 2025," which would amend the Social Security Act's definition of physician to extend Medicare coverage for services furnished by chiropractors beyond the manual manipulation of the spine.

This legislation would authorize chiropractors to use the title "physician" under the Medicare Part B program and be paid the same rate as allopathic (MD) and osteopathic (DO) physicians for manual manipulation of the spine as well as for any other medical services chiropractors are licensed to perform. By removing the current "manual manipulation" limitation in the Social Security Act, this bill opens the door for other services, which chiropractors have not been specifically trained to provide, and which could potentially put patient safety at risk, to be covered by Medicare.

Our organizations strongly support the team approach to patient care, with each member of the team playing a clearly defined role as determined by his or her education and training. However, a recent survey found that 27 percent of patients incorrectly identified chiropractors as medical doctors.<sup>1</sup> This legislation would exacerbate such patient confusion and prompt further misconceptions and false expectations regarding the care they receive.

While we greatly value the contribution of chiropractors to the physician-led care team, their training is not equivalent to the four years of medical school, three-to-seven-years of residency training, 200 hours of osteopathic manipulative medicine education and clinical experience (for DOs), and 12,000-16,000 hours of clinical training that is required of all physicians. In order to be recognized as a physician with an unlimited medical license, medical students' education must prepare them to enter any field of graduate medical education and include content and clinical experiences from which they develop their clinical judgment and medical decision making skills directly managing patients in all aspects of medicine.<sup>2</sup> Conversely, chiropractic students must complete a minimum of 4,200 instructional hours of combined classroom, laboratory, and clinical patient care experience.<sup>3</sup> According to the Federation of Chiropractic Licensing Boards, many state chiropractic licensing boards do not require a Bachelor's degree.<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Baselice & Associates conducted an internet survey of 802 adults on behalf of the AMA Scope of Practice Partnership, July 12-19, 2018. The overall margin of error is +/- 3.5 percent at the 95 percent confidence level. <sup>2</sup> https://www.ama-assn.org/system/files/scope-of-practice-physician-training.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://www.cce-usa.org/uploads/1/0/6/5/106500339/2021 cce accreditation\_standards current\_.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://fclb.org/files/publications/1639413264 bachelors-degree-requirements.pdf.

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Moreover, while chiropractic students are required to complete supervised instruction in a patient care setting, they are not required to complete a residency training program and do not undergo the level of subsequent training that MD and DO medical students receive. As such, chiropractors are not physicians.

Given their relatively limited education and training, chiropractors' scope of practice is appropriately restricted under Medicare to treatment by means of manual manipulation, i.e., by use of the hands. This limitation is aligned with chiropractic training and the treatments that chiropractors most often provide involving common musculoskeletal complaints such as back pain. However, as currently written, S. 106/H.R. 539 would authorize the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) to cover any medical service a chiropractor could be licensed to perform. In a state with overly broad or permissive licensure regulations, S. 106/H.R. 539 would establish a pathway for coverage and payment for chiropractors providing medical services for which they may have very limited or no formal training.

Even the American Chiropractic Association (ACA) website states that, "At a minimum, if passed in its current form, the legislation would include evaluation and management (E&M) codes, therapy codes including but not limited to CMT [Chiropractic Manipulative Treatment], and certain diagnostic and X-ray codes." The ACA further claims that "chiropractors will be able to bill Medicare for the full scope of their services allowed by their state, provided they have completed documentation training in the form of a one-time webinar or similar process, as determined by CMS."<sup>5</sup> Our organizations are concerned that permitting chiropractors to bill Medicare for the full and likely expanded scope of their license in a given state will lead to an unnecessary redistribution of scarce Medicare resources away from physician practices to nonphysician practitioners for services that they lack sufficient training and expertise to perform. Such expansion could increase overall Medicare costs and jeopardize the health and safety of Medicare patients.

We appreciate your consideration of our concerns about S. 106/H.R. 539 and would be happy to answer any questions.

Sincerely,

American Medical Association American Academy of Emergency Medicine American Academy of Allergy, Asthma & Immunology American Academy of Facial Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery American Academy of Family Physicians American Academy of Neurology American Academy of Ophthalmology American Academy of Otolaryngic Allergy American Academy of Otolaryngic Allergy American Academy of Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery American Academy of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation American Association of Hip and Knee Surgeons American Association of Neurological Surgeons American Association of Neurological Surgeons

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.acatoday.org/advocacy/medicare/.

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> American College of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology American College of Emergency Physicians American College of Mohs Surgery American College of Physicians American College of Radiology American College of Surgeons American Epilepsy Society American Orthopaedic Foot & Ankle Society American Osteopathic Association American Psychiatric Association American Society for Clinical Pathology American Society for Dermatologic Surgery Association American Society for Gastrointestinal Endoscopy American Society for Laser Medicine and Surgery, Inc. American Society for Radiation Oncology American Society for Surgery of the Hand American Society of Anesthesiologists American Society of Cataract & Refractive Surgery American Society of Dermatopathology American Society of Neuroradiology American Society of Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine American Venous Forum Association of Academic Physiatrists College of American Pathologists Congress of Neurological Surgeons International Pain and Spine Intervention Society National Association of Medical Examiners North American Neuromodulation Society Society for Vascular Surgery

> > Medical Association of the State of Alabama Alaska State Medical Association Arizona Medical Association Arkansas Medical Society California Medical Association Colorado Medical Society Connecticut State Medical Society Medical Society of Delaware Medical Society of the District of Columbia Florida Medical Association Medical Association of Georgia Hawaii Medical Association Idaho Medical Association Illinois State Medical Society Indiana State Medical Association Iowa Medical Society

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> Kansas Medical Society Kentucky Medical Association Louisiana State Medical Society Maine Medical Association MedChi, The Maryland State Medical Society Massachusetts Medical Society Michigan State Medical Society Minnesota Medical Association Mississippi State Medical Association Missouri State Medical Association Montana Medical Association Nebraska Medical Association Nevada State Medical Association New Hampshire Medical Society Medical Society of New Jersey New Mexico Medical Society Medical Society of the State of New York North Carolina Medical Society North Dakota Medical Association Ohio State Medical Association Oklahoma State Medical Association Oregon Medical Association Pennsylvania Medical Society Rhode Island Medical Society South Carolina Medical Association South Dakota State Medical Association Tennessee Medical Association Texas Medical Association Utah Medical Association Vermont Medical Society Medical Society of Virginia Washington State Medical Association West Virginia State Medical Association Wisconsin Medical Society Wyoming Medical Society